

Did You Get It?

Presentación de vocabulario

Level 1 pp. 302–303

Level 1B pp. 104–106

¡AVANZA!

Goal: Learn the words to talk about sports.

Sports

- Different sports require different equipment for players (**los jugadores**), and different places for playing. Study the chart below.

Sports	Equipment Needed	Where Played
el básquetbol (<i>basketball</i>)	la pelota (<i>ball</i>), la bola, el balón	la cancha (<i>court</i>)
el béisbol (<i>baseball</i>)	el bate (<i>bat</i>) el casco (<i>helmet</i>) el guante (<i>glove</i>) la pelota (<i>ball</i>)	el campo (<i>field</i>)
el fútbol americano (<i>football</i>)	la pelota (<i>ball</i>), la bola, el balón el casco (<i>helmet</i>)	el campo (<i>field</i>) el estadio (<i>stadium</i>)
la natación (<i>swimming</i>)	el traje de baño (<i>swimsuit</i>)	la piscina (<i>pool</i>)
patinaje en línea (<i>inline skating</i>)	los patines en línea (<i>inline skates</i>)	
el tenis (<i>tennis</i>)	la pelota (<i>ball</i>), la bola la raqueta (<i>racket</i>)	la cancha (<i>court</i>)
el voleibol (<i>volleyball</i>)	la pelota (<i>ball</i>), el balón	la cancha (<i>court</i>)

- There are other words and expressions you can use to talk about sports. Learn some of these words in the paragraph below.

There are two ways to enjoy *sports* (**los deportes**). One is to be a *player* (**un jugador**); the other is to be a spectator, or fan. Fans, or **aficionados**, as they are called in both Spanish and English, *understand the rules of the game well* (**comprenden bien las reglas del partido**). Some sports can be more *dangerous* (**peligrosos**) than others. All *athletes* (**atletas**), not just *champions* (**los campeones**), play to *win* (**ganar**). Do you have *favorite sport* (**un deporte favorito**)? Do you play on *team* (**un equipo**)? Do you like to *lose* (**perder**)?

Did You Get It? Presentación de gramática

Level 1 p. 307

Level 1B p. 110

¡AVANZA!

Goal: Use **jugar** to talk about playing sports.

The Verb **jugar**

- Study the conjugation of the verb **jugar**.

jugar (to play)	
juego	jugamos
juegas	jugáis
juega	juegan

EXPLANATION: Use **jugar** to talk about playing a sport or a game. **Jugar** is a stem-changing verb in which **u** changes to **ue** in all forms except **nosotros(as)** and **vosotros(as)**.

Jugar a + sport

- Read the following sentences, paying attention to the boldfaced words.

Pilar **juega al** básquetbol. (*Pilar plays basketball.*)

Jorge y yo **jugamos al** tenis. (*Jorge and I play tennis.*)

Tú y Ana **jugáis al** voleibol. (*You and Ana play volleyball.*)

EXPLANATION: When you use **jugar** with the name of a sport, use **jugar a + sport**. Remember that **a + el** (masculine article) becomes **al**.

Did You Get It?

Presentación de gramática

Level 1 p. 312
Level 1B p. 116

¡AVANZA!

Goal: Learn how to use **saber** and **conocer**, as well as the personal **a**.

The Verbs **saber** and **conocer**

- Read each set of sentences below, paying attention to the boldfaced words.

- Sé cuánto cuesta la raqueta. *(I know how much the racket costs.)*
Sabemos que es una buena jugadora. *(We know that she is a good player.)*
- Sabes patinar muy bien. *(You know how to skate very well.)*
¿Sabe Teresa nadar? *(Does Teresa know how to swim?)*
- Conozco la República Dominicana. *(I know the Dominican Republic.)*
¿Conoces a mi amigo Daniel? *(Do you know my friend Daniel?)*
- ¿Quieres **conocer** a los campeones? *(Do you want to meet the champions?)*
Queremos **conocer** a los otros jugadores. *(We want to meet the other players.)*

EXPLANATION: Both **saber** and **conocer** mean *to know*. Use **saber** to (1) talk about factual information. Use **saber** + *infinitive* to (2) say how to do something. Use **conocer** to (3) say that you know or are familiar with a place or a person. Also use **conocer** to (4) talk about meeting someone for the first time.

- Use the chart below as a quick reference for the different forms of **saber** and **conocer**.

saber (to know)		conocer (to know)	
sé	sabemos	conozco	conocemos
sabes	sabéis	conoces	conocéis
sabe	saben	conoce	conocen

EXPLANATION: **Saber** and **conocer** have irregular **yo** forms.